Argyll College UHI Ltd (A company limited by guarantee)

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 July 2024

Registered Number SC172157
Scottish Charity Number SC026685

Contents

	Page	
Legal and administrative information	1	
Report of the trustees' and strategic report	2 – 7	
Statement of Corporate Governance and internal Control	8 – 11	
Statement of Directors responsibilities	12	
Independent auditor's report	13 - 17	
Statement of comprehensive income	18	
Statement of changes in reserves	19	
Balance sheet	20	
Statement of cash flows	21	
Analysis of net debt	22	
Notes to the financial statements	23 - 36	

Legal and administrative information

Charity name:

Argyll College UHI Ltd

Registered office and

operational address:

West Bay

Dunoon PA23 7HP

Charity registration number:

SC026685

Company registration number:

SC172157

Trustees:

Elaine Munro

(Principal, appointed 25/7/24)

Martin Jones

(resigned 24/7/24)

Rosemary Allford Maggie Tierney (Chair) (Vice Chair)

Heather Stevenson Elodie Nowinski Bettina Sizeland

Vicky Gunn Tom Walsh

(resigned 30/06/24)

Ahren Armstrong Andrew Farina Iain Jurgensen

Chris Wolfe Alan Rodgers Siobhan Moore

(resigned 12/01/24) (appointed 01/03/24 (appointed 01/09/24)

Secretary

Ailsa Close

Executive team

Martin Jones Elaine Munro Principal (resigned 24/7/24)
Acting Principal/Depute Principal

Ailsa Close

Finance Director

External auditors

Armstrong Watson Audit Limited 1st Floor, 24 Blythswood Square

Glasgow G2 4BG

Internal auditors

Henderson Loggie LLP, Chartered Accountants

The Vision Building, 20 Greenmarket

Dundee, DD1 4QB

Bankers

Bank of Scotland 78 Argyll Street Dunoon PA23 7NH

Report of the trustees and strategic report

for the year ended 31 July 2024

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Board of Management of Argyll College UHI present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2024.

Legal Status

The College is constituted as a company and is governed by a memorandum and articles of association. It is recognised by the Inland Revenue as a charity for tax purposes. The Scottish Charity number is SC026685. Following implementation of the Post-16 Scotland Education Act 2013, the College is now an 'assigned college' to the University of the Highlands and Islands (UHI) as the Regional Strategic Body (RSB) for further and higher education in the Highlands and Islands region. UHI assumed formal RSB status on 1 April 2015, and is now the fundable body for the region, distributing further and higher education funds to its assigned colleges.

Scope of the Financial Statements

The financial statements cover all activities of Argyll College UHI, including the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 July 2024.

Our Vision and Mission

Argyll College UHI will provide high quality innovative education opportunities, act as an economic driver to enhance the skills and development of the local economy and develop a reputation for excellence which will encourage students to study in the communities we serve.

The charity provides a range of further and higher education to as many of the communities in the area as possible. It does this by having a network of centres, some small, some large, in all the main centres of population. There is a wish to provide roughly the same range of educational activities at all sites but for technical and other reasons this is sometimes not possible.

The main annual objectives of the charity are to meet the educational delivery targets set by SFC; to maintain quality standards as agreed internally and as assessed by external bodies; and to do all of this within the financial resources made available to the charity. There is generally a target to make a return on annual income for the sole purposes of re-investing that return to improve the ability of the charity to meet its key charitable objectives.

Achievements & Performance

In 2023/24, the College exceeded its FE Credit target of 6,300. We achieved a total of 7,065 (2023 - 7,062). In 2023/24, the HE target was 187.8, which was amended in Dec 2023 down to 181 FTEs, significantly down from a target of 215 FTEs in 2022/23. Our actual final HE FTE value for the year was 169.9 (2023 - 184.3). In addition to this, funded outwith the RAM, there were 7 PGDE teacher education students (2022/23 - 14), studying primary teaching and secondary teaching, and 1 Early Education and Childcare Graduate Apprentice (2022/23 - 2).

In the year, in FE we taught 2219 (headcount) (2023 - 2,218) or 506 (2023 - 505) FTE students. In HE, we taught 283 (2023 - 286) (headcount) or 169.9 (2023 - 184.3) FTE students.

Whilst the HE numbers were disappointing, this appears to be a trend for a number of UHI partners at present. The achievement of the FE target for this year was not without difficulties, but was achieved much earlier in the academic year than was the case in 2022/23, due to improved forward planning.

In 23-24 the four main teaching and learning KPIs for full time FE improved slightly on the previous year but remain significantly below 21-22 levels. For full time FE, the success KPI was 57.1% compared to 50% in 22-23; partial success improved slightly (by 0.6 percentage points) to 17.9%; Further withdrawal remained very high at 25%. It is anticipated that the KPIs for 23-24 will be towards the bottom of the Scottish college sector. This remains a challenge and concern for the college, with interventions being put in place for 24-25 with the aim of improving the college teaching and learning KPIs.

In September 2024, we held the Argyll College graduation in Queens Hall Dunoon for the third time. Again, the work and attention to detail of our marketing team made this a day that puts the focus entirely on our students and the recognition of their achievements during the year/s of their studies, including those members of our own teaching staff who undertook their TQFE in the year. It was lovely to for all staff present to celebrate with those colleagues who chose to graduate in person.

On 17th January 2024, Elaine Munro became Acting Principal of the college. On 24th July 2024, Martin Jones Principal took the decision to leave the college to pursue other interests. The Board noted its appreciation of the contribution that Martin made to the success of the College and UHI whilst in post, particularly during the unprecedented circumstances of the pandemic and its aftermath and wish him every success in the future. Also during the period under review, two members of the curriculum management team left the college, and the decision was taken not to replace these posts. These posts have now been amply covered by existing curriculum management.

Last year, we undertook to replace the heating system in Oban, at an indicated cost of around £800k. This has proved a challenging project despite us appointing project managers from the APUC framework. There remains outstanding work, and we are in dispute with the project managers over fees. We will continue to press for a satisfactory conclusion to this project. The refurbishment of the Helensburgh Centre was fully completed by Dec 23, funded mostly from grants received from UHI's Strategic Investment Fund. HISA contributed towards the costs of furnishing the student area in the extended centre. The building has been improved immeasurably for both our students and our staff. We also installed a new hairdressing training salon in a modular building sited in the Dunoon Centre car park, allowing students and staff to be more involved with colleagues/students already based there. Our Cluster Centre Manager must take the credit for overseeing these projects, two to a very satisfactory conclusion, and for the Oban heating system, continuing to take relevant contractors to task.

The Board would like to acknowledge the achievement of all of our staff in continuing to provide the services they have to all of our students, and our students for achieving their qualifications during the year.

Financial Results

The table below shows the Adjusted Operating Position which is intended to reflect the underlying operating performance after allowing for material one-off or distorting items required by the SORP or other items outwith the control of the College.

	2023-24 £'000	2022-23 £'000
Surplus/(deficit) before other gains and losses	(1,305)	162
Add back:		
Exceptional non-restructuring costs – impairment (Note 10)	85	
Pension Adjustment – Net service cost (Note 16)	(47)	24
Pension Adjustment – Net interest cost (Note 16)	(2)	(52)
Costs of middle management job evaluation exercise not matched by revenue	1,437	_
Adjusted operating surplus	168	134

Taxation Status

The Company is a charitable company within the meaning of Section 467 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010. Accordingly, the Company is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received to the extent that such income or gains are applied for charitable purposes only. The College receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax.

Treasury Policies and Objectives

The College has a Treasury Management Policy and procedures setting out the College position on cash management, investments and borrowings.

Cash Flows

The College had a net cash outflow of £2,978k in the year to 31st July 2024 compared with a net cash inflow of £274k in the prior year.

Liquidity

The College had cash balances of £2,701k at the year end, compared with net cash balances of £5,680k at the end of 2023.

Creditor Payment Policy

The College aims to pay its suppliers within 30 days.

The College's average creditor payment period has decreased to 9 days in 2023/24. Trade Creditors were £118,163 at 31st July 2024 compared with £186,549 at 31st July 2023. The College did not pay any interest during the year under the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998.

Future Developments

Argyll College Board continues to be updated by UHI on options regarding a future target operating model (TOM) for the UHI Partnership. Proposed timescales for this we consider to be challenging, but we will continue to engage as required.

The financial outlook for the college sector is bleak, with flat cash funding from SFC indicated, whilst salary costs have risen by £5k (before on-costs) per FTE for the period from 1/9/22 to 31/8/25. Growth in credits is highly unlikely, and HE recruitment numbers are reducing year on year, so setting an agenda for growth and development of the curriculum is challenging. We have however doubled the Modern Apprenticeship numbers to our MA programme and see this as a growth area for us. Owing to the reserves which we have been able to build up through careful management, the Board is in a position to approve, albeit reluctantly, a deficit budget for 24/25. This will be controlled and will not reduce reserves below that required for 6 months running costs as per our stated reserves policy.

Outcomes from job evaluation for all our support staff in line with national bargaining agreements remains in progress. This is a situation currently in the hands of Colleges Employers Scotland, and whilst it was hoped to see this process concluded in 23/24, that has not happened. However, this is not a situation within our control.

We continue to work collaboratively with some of our UHI partners despite a number of challenges, and we remain keen to develop this further in future years.

Principal Risk & uncertainties

The Board have assessed that the following constitutes risks to the charity:

- Flat cash funding from SFC/UHI with likelihood of unfunded salary increases in future years is a major risk to the future financial sustainability of the organisation.
- Key staff replacement and cover continues to be a risk given specific areas of expertise covered by them, as duplication of skills in the area is difficult.
- College estates not able to provide flexible response to demand for courses.
- Failure to recruit the numbers of students necessary to achieve our targets.

Trade Unions

Under the Trade Union Act 2016, Trade Union (Facility Time Publication Requirements) Regulations 2017, we have published the following on our website: Facilities Time Publication 1 April 2023 - 31 March 2024.

The following information is provided in furtherance of the requirements of the Trade Union (Facility Time Publication Requirements) Regulations 2017, which took effect from 1 April 2017. These regulations, emerging from the Trade Union Act 2016, place a requirement for employers in the public sector to publish information on facility time.

Facility time is the provision of paid or unpaid time off from an employee's normal role to undertake Trade Union duties and activities as a Trade Union Representative.

The required information is reported below.

Table 1 Relevant Union Officials

What was the total number of your employees who were relevant trade union officials during the relevant period?

Number of employees who were relevant union officials during the relevant period	Full time equivalent employee number
1	1

Table 2 Percentage of time spent on facility time

How many of your employees who were relevant union officials employed during the relevant period spent a) 0%, b) 1% - 50%, c) 51% - 99%, d) 100%

Percentage of Time	Number of employees
0%	0
1-50%	1
51-99%	0
100%	0

Argyll College UHI Ltd (a company limited by guarantee)

Table 3 Percentage of pay bill spent on facility time

Provide the figures requested in the first column of the table below to determine the percentage of your total pay bill spent on paying employees who were relevant union officials for facility time during the relevant period.

First Column	Figures
Provide the total cost of facility time	£1,858
Provide the total pay bill	£3,272,415
Provide the percentage of the total pay bill spent on facility time, calculated as (total cost of facility time/total pay bill) x 100	0.06%

Table 4 Paid trade union activities,

As a percentage of total paid facility time hours, how many hours were spent by employees who were relevant union officials during the relevant period on paid trade union activities?

Time spent on paid trade union activities as a percentage of total paid facility time hours as calculated as: (total hours spent on paid trade union activities by relevant union officials during the relevant period/total paid facility time hours) x 100

Total paid facility time hours—78

Total paid activity hours—n/a

Total Paid duty hours—1.5

% of paid facility time = 100%

Fair Work

Argyll College is a fair work employer - <u>Statement-of-Fair-Work-Practices-at-UHI-Argyll--Nov-2024.pdf</u>

Equal Opportunities Statement

Argyll College UHI is committed to promoting equality and positive relations and valuing diversity. A comprehensive approach is intended to meet the needs of individuals, to enable engagement with an accessible curriculum in an inclusive learning environment and workplace.

The College is committed to identifying and eliminating unfair and unlawful discrimination across all protected characteristics reflected in the Equality Act. These include age, disability, sex, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion and belief and sexual orientation. Where barriers to learning or employment are identified for an individual the College will deploy resources to provide additional support and access to appropriate opportunities wherever possible.

Argyll College UHI is committed to equality of opportunity and believes education is a right for all. We are committed to ensuring that there will be no discrimination on the grounds of ethnic origin, religion, sex, age or disability. The College believes that there is a duty for everyone associated with the College and all its activities to play their part in ensuring equality of opportunity. Positive steps will be taken to ensure that no forms of discrimination occur.

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

The board members who held office at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

There is no relevant audit information of which the Charitable Company's Auditors are unaware; and the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Approved by order of the members of the Board on 13 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Rosemary Allford Trustee and Chair Elaine Munro Acting Principal

trale Muria

Statement of corporate governance and internal control for the year ended 31 July 2024

The College is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance.

During the financial year, the institution complies with all the principles of the 2022 Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges.

The Board of Management

The members who served on the Board of Management during the year and up to the date of signing the accounts were as follows:

Board member	Date of	Date of	Committee Membership
	Appointment	Retirement	
Martin Jones	05/11/2018	24/07/2024	L,T&E, F&GP, Noms
Elaine Munro	25/07/2024		L,T&E, F&GP, Noms
Maggie Tierney	05/05/2020		F&GP, HR, Noms
Heather Stevenson	24/11/2021		HR
Tom Walsh	18/01/2022		L,T&E, Audit
Andrew Farina	04/02/2022		F&GP
Chris Wolfe	04/02/2022	12/01/24	L,T&E
Vicky Gunn	09/06/2023		Audit
Rosemary Allford	05/05/2020		L,T&E, Noms
Elodie Nowinski	05/05/2020		L,T&E, Audit
lain Jurgensen	24/11/2021		HR
Bettina Sizeland	05/05/2020		F&GP
Siobhan Moore	01/09/2024		L,T&E
Alan Rodgers	01/03/2024		L,T&E
Ahren Armstrong	24/11/2022	30/06/2024	L,T&E

Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control (cont'd) for the year ended 31 July 2024

Attendance at meetings

Attendance at meetings of the Board of Management of Argyll College UHI in 2023-24

Member	Board	Audit	Finance & General	Learning, teaching & engagement	HR	Remuneration
Martin Jones	50%	N/A	50%	50%	N/A	N/A
Elaine Munro	50%	N/A	25%	50%	N/A	N/A
Maggie Tierney	100%	N/A	100%	N/A	100%	100%
Heather Stevenson	50%	N/A	N/A	N/A	100%	100%
Tom Walsh	50%	100%	N/A	50%	N/A	100%
Andrew Farina	100%	N/A	100%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Chris Wolfe	50%	N/A	N/A	50%	N/A	N/A
Vicky Gunn	75%	50%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rosemary Allford	75%	N/A	25%	75%	N/A	100%
Elodie Nowinski	50%	75%	N/A	50%	N/A	N/A
lain Jurgensen	25%	N/A	N/A	N/A	50%	N/A
Bettina Sizeland	75%	N/A	100%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Siobhan Moore	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alan Rodgers	50%	N/A	N/A	25%	N/A	N/A
Ahren Armstrong	50%	N/A	N/A	75%	N/A	N/A

The College is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance. This summary describes the manner in which the College has applied good governance during the year.

The College's Board of Governors is responsible for the College's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. Such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board of Governors have put in place a process going forward for identifying, evaluating and managing the College's significant risks and this will be reviewed on a regular basis. The system has been in place for the year under review and up to the date of approval of the financial statements.

The College's Board of Governors comprises lay members, students and employees appointed as charity trustees under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. The roles of Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Board of Governors are separated from the role of the College's Principal.

The Board acknowledges the responsibility for the ongoing strategic direction of the College, approval of major developments and the receipt of regular reports from the Principal on the day to day operations of its business.

Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control (cont'd) for the year ended 31 July 2024

The Full Board meets four times a year as do the sub-committees: Finance and General Purposes Committee, Learning, Teaching and Engagement Committee, Audit Committee and the HR Committee. A separate Remuneration Committee has been set up and this and the Nominations Committee are held as and when necessary. All of these Committees are formally constituted with terms of reference.

The Finance and General Purposes Committee inter alia recommends to the Board the College's annual revenue and capital budgets. The Learning, Teaching and Engagement Committee focuses on the quality of learning and teaching and the student experience. The Audit Committee meets with the College's external and internal auditors in attendance when required. The Committee considers detailed reports together with recommendations for the improvement of the College's systems of internal control and management's responses and implementation plans. Whilst the Principal attends meetings of the Audit Committee as necessary, they are not a member of the Committee. The Human Resources Committee comprises at least four non-executive members of the Board of Management. The Remuneration Committee comprises the Chair of each of the Board, F&GP, Audit and HR committees, and is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration and benefits of the Principal and other senior staff who fall outwith NRPA.

It is planned that the Board and its sub-committees will participate in annual self-evaluation reviews of its performance. This will be facilitated by the Secretary to the Board using a self- evaluation questionnaire with all questions being discussed by the Board or Committee as a group and their consensus view recorded. Any actions for improvement will be noted and followed up at subsequent meetings of the Board or Committees. The evaluation of the effectiveness of individual members, including the Principal who is a member of the board, will be considered informally by the Chair of the Board or relevant Committee, and if concerns are noted they will follow these up with the member directly.

All committee and Board meetings have been held virtually during the year.

Review of effectiveness of internal control

As Accounting Officer, the Principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The Principal's review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:

- The work of internal auditors;
- The work of executive managers within the College who have the responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework;
- The comments made by the College's external auditors in their management letters and other reports.

The Board of Management has been advised on the implications of the review of the effectiveness of internal control by the Audit Committee, which oversees the work of the Internal Auditors.

The internal audit service concentrates on areas of key activities determined by a risk analysis and in accordance with the annual internal audit plan approved by the Audit Committee. The Internal Auditors have direct access to the Chair of the Audit Committee and issue an annual report with an opinion of the adequacy, reliability and effectiveness of the College's internal control system.

The Senior Management Team and the Audit Committee receive regular reports from internal audit, which include recommendations for improvement. The Audit Committee's role in this area is confined to a high-level review of the arrangements for internal control. The Audit Committee considers risk at each committee meeting and receives updates from management in relation to all significant risks.

The Board of Management receives reports thereon from the Audit Committee, the emphasis being on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance and not merely reporting by exception.

Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control (cont'd) for the year ended 31 July 2024

Going concern

In preparing these financial statements, the Board has given careful consideration to current and anticipated future solvency requirements of the College and its ability to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

The directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis notwithstanding uncertainties caused by the current national economic issues, and other issues faced by the education sector. The directors have prepared cashflow forecasts for a period beyond 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that taking into account reasonably possible downturns, the College will have sufficient funds through its operating cashflows and cash reserves to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

On this basis the Board of Management considers that the College is a going concern as described in the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges and that the financial statements have been prepared on this basis.

Approved by the order of the members of the Board on 13 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by :

Rosemary Allford Trustee and Chair

Kosemany Allford

Elaine Munro Acting Principal

trao Muro

Statement of Directors Responsibilities

for the year ended 31 July 2024

The Board, through its Principal, is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College and the result for that year.

The Board of Management is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the College and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Acts, the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2019 and other relevant accounting standards. In addition, within the terms and conditions of a Financial Memorandum agreed between UHI and the College's Board of Management, the College is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the College's state of affairs and of the surplus or deficit and cash flows for that year.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Accounts Direction issued by the Scottish Funding Council, which brings together the provisions of the Financial Memorandum with other formal disclosures that the Scottish Funding Council require the Board of Management to make in the financial statements and related notes.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.
- Prepare financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the College will continue in operation. The Board of Management is satisfied that it has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and for this reason the going concern basis continues to be adopted in the preparation of the financial statements.

The Board of Management has taken reasonable steps to:

- Ensure that funds from the Scottish Funding Council and UHI are used only for the purposes for which they have been given and in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with UHI and any other conditions which Scottish Funding Council or UHI may from time to time prescribe;
- Ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources;
- Safeguard the assets of the College and prevent and detect fraud;
- Secure the economical, efficient, and effective management of the College's resources and expenditure.

Approved by the order of the members of the Board on 13 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by :

Rosemary Allford Trustee and Chair Elaine Munro Acting Principal

na-0 Minne

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Argyll College UHI Ltd (the charitable company') for the year ended 31 July 2024, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Reserves and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 July 2024 and of the College's deficit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and Regulations 6 and 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006 and Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended)

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Operating and Financial Review have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Operating and Financial Review.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 or the Scottish Funding Council Accounts Direction requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the charitable company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the charitable company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
 or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control does not comply with Scottish Funding Council requirements.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 12, the directors (who are also the trustees of the charitable company for the purposes of charitable law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

The engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and knowledge of the charitable company to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

We identified relevant laws and regulations from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussions with directors and other management to assess the policies and procedures in operation with regards to compliance with laws and regulations.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the charitable company operates in and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- Have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included compliance with FRS 102, the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher education 2019, the Scottish Funding Council Accounts Direction, the Companies Act 2006, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and relevant UK tax legislation.
- Do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental
 to the charitable company's continued ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- Agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation; and
- Enquiring of management and reviewing board minutes and other correspondence throughout the year to identify actual and potential litigation and claims.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charitable company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- Making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- Using analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships,

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures as a risk assessment tool to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries recorded on the Company's finance system to identify unusual transactions that may indicate override of controls;
- reviewed key judgements and estimates for any evidence of management bias.
- reviewed the application of accounting policies with focus on those with heightened estimation uncertainty.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation and
- enquiring of management to identify actual and potential litigation and claims.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, as with any audit, there remains a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations and cannot be expected to detect all fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, and to the charity's directors, as a body, in accordance with Section 44 (1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 10 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members and directors those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company, the charitable company's members, as a body, and the charitable companies directors as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Martin Johnston CA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

antino Chuston

for and on behalf of

Armstrong Watson Audit Limited

Statutory Auditor

Glasgow Date: 16th December 2-24

Statement of comprehensive income

tor	the	year	ended	31	July	2024

	Note	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Income			
SFC grants	3	4,266,315	4,221,452
UHI grants	_	842,316	991,365
Tuition fees and education contracts Other operating income	5 4	578,418	927,947
Commercial training activity	4	29,875 21,691	26,686 51,105
Release of deferred capital grant		275,297	110,327
Investment income		170,844	13,907
Total income		6,184,756	6,342,789
Expenditure			
Staff costs	7	4,656,960	4,976,123
Movements in provisions	14	1,436,808	-
Other operating expenses Depreciation	6	1,111,911	1,036,822
Impairment		181,743 85,424	193,821
(Profit)/loss on disposal of assets		(12,629)	-
Interest and other finance costs		29,519	(25,886)
Total expenditure		7,489,736	6,180,880
(Deficit)/surplus before other gains and losses		(1,304,980)	161,909
Actuarial (losses) in respect of pension scheme	17	(49,000)	(28,000)
Total comprehensive (expenditure)/income for the year		(1,353,980)	133,909
Represented by:			
Unrestricted comprehensive (expenditure)/income for the year		(1,353,980)	133,909
			-

The notes on pages 23 to 36 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in reserves

for the year ending 31 July 2024

	£
Balance at 31 July 2022	5,109,393
Surplus from the income and expenditure account Other comprehensive income/(expenditure)	161,909 (28,000)
Balance at 31 July 2023	5,243,302
(Deficit) from the income and expenditure account Other comprehensive income/(expenditure)	(1,304,980) (49,000)
Balance at 31 July 2024	3,889,322

The notes on pages 23 to 36 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 July 2024

	Note	£	2024 £	£	2023 £
Non-current assets Fixed assets	10		3,825,477		3,376,974
Current assets Debtors Investments Cash at bank and in hand	11 12	177,396 2,700,000 2,701,477		168,342 - 5,679,911	×
		5,578,873		5,848,253	
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	13	(1,572,904)		(1,514,961)	
Net current assets			4,005,969		4,333,292
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(2,505,316)		(2,466,964)
Net pension liability	17				
Provisions	14		(1,436,808)		-
Net assets			3,889,322		5,243,302
Reserves Unrestricted reserves			3,889,322		5,243,302
			***************************************		************

The notes on pages 23 to 36 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to medium-sized companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees on 13 December 2024 and signed on its behalf by Rosemary Allford and Elaine Munro

Resembly Allford
Name: Rosemary Allford

Name: Elaine Munro

to a Muse

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 July 2024

		2024	2023
	Note	£	£
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	21	253,767	400,601
Cash flows from investing activities:		170,845	13,907
Payments to purchase fixed assets	10	(766,246)	(140,710)
Proceeds from sale of assets		63,200	-
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		(532,201)	(126,803)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Bank loans repaid		-	-
Interest paid Payments to purchase term deposits		(2,700,000)	
ayments to parenase term deposits		(2,700,000)	
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities		(2,700,000)	*
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year Cash and cash equivalents at 1 August 2023		(2,978,434) 5,679,911	273,798 5,406,113
Cash and cash equivalents carried forward		2,701,477	5,679,911

The notes on pages 23 to 36 form part of these financial statements.

Analysis of net debt for the year ended 31 July 2024

Analysis of net debt

	At 1 August 2023 £	Cash flows	At 31 July 2024 £
Cash at bank and in hand Debt due within 1 year	5,679,911 -	(2,978,434)	2,701,477
	5,679,911	(2,978,434)	2,701,477

The notes on pages 23 to 36 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 July 2024

1. Statement of accounting policies and estimation techniques

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education (2019) and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 — "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102). The College is a public benefit entity and has therefore applied the relevant public benefit requirements of FRS 102.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the College's accounting policies.

Argyll College UHI Limited is a private company, limited by guarantee, incorporated and registered in Scotland. The company's registration number is SC172157 and the registered office address is West Bay, Dunoon, PA23 7HP.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education (2019) and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2006. The accounts are presented in £s sterling and rounded to the nearest £1.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis notwithstanding the uncertainties caused by the current national economic situation. The directors have prepared cashflow forecasts for a period beyond 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that taking into account reasonably possible downturns, the College will have sufficient funds through its operating cashflows and cash reserves to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period. On this basis the Board of Management considers that the College is a going concern as described in the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges and that the financial statements have been prepared on this basis.

Recognition of income

Government revenue grants include funding body recurrent grants and other grants and are accounted for under the accrual model as permitted by FRS 102. Funding body recurrent grants are measured in line with best estimates for the period of what is receivable and depend on the particular income stream involved. The recurrent grant from SFC represents the funding allocations attributable to the current financial year and is credited direct to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Grants from non-government sources are recognised in income when the College is entitled to the income and performance related conditions have been met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the balance sheet and released to income as the conditions are met. Government capital grants are capitalised, held as deferred income and recognised in income over the expected useful life of the asset, under the accrual method as permitted by FRS 102. Other capital grants are recognised in income when the College is entitled to the funds subject to any performance related conditions being met. Income from tuition fees is stated gross of any expenditure which is not a discount and is recognised in the period for which it is received.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 July 2024

2 Accounting policies

a) Fixed assets and depreciation

Land and buildings

Fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its useful life.

Freehold Buildings are depreciated over their expected useful life to the College of 50 years.

Equipment

Equipment costing less than £2,500 per individual item is written off to the income and expenditure account in the period of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost.

All equipment is depreciated over its useful economic life as follows:

Tenants improvements – Oban 3% Straight Line

Tenants Improvements - Other Straight line over the lease term ranging from

20 years to 33.3 years

Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment 10% Straight Line

Plant and Equipment 10% Straight Line

Motor Vehicles 20% Straight Line Library Books and Software 20% Straight Line

Capitalised Hand Tools 25% Straight Line Computing Equipment 33% Straight Line

b) Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income. The obligation to pay future rentals on operating leases is shown by way of a note to the Accounts.

c) Pension scheme

Support staff may join the Strathclyde Pension Fund (SPF), which is administered by Glasgow City Council and which requires contributions to be made to its number 1 fund. This is a defined benefit scheme that is externally funded and contracted out of the State Earnings Related Pension Scheme. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the SOCI so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the College in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of periodic valuations.

The College operates a defined contribution scheme for other eligible staff. The assets of the scheme are administered by Trustees in a fund independent from those of the college. The pension costs charged against profits represent the amount of employer's contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

2 Accounting policies (continued)

d) Taxation

The company is a charitable company within the meaning of Section 467 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010. Accordingly, the company is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 of Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 and section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that such income or gains are applied for charitable purposed only.

The College receives no further exemption in respect of Value Added Tax.

e) Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of trade discounts due.

f) Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

g) Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are normally recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discount.

h) Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

Accounting estimates and judgements

Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for income and expenses during the year. These estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results particularly given changes in economic conditions and the level of uncertainty regarding their duration and severity.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions in accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. The most important estimates and judgements are set out below.

Strathclyde Pension Fund

The costs of defined benefit pension plans are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and the long term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant judgement.

3	Scottish Funding Council grants		
	3	2024	2023
		Total	Total
		£	£
	Scottish Funding Council Recurrent Grant	4,266,315	4,221,452
4	Other operating income		
•	outer operating moonto	2024	2023
		Total	Total
		£	£
	Rental income	12,270	11,500
	Facilities hire	78	381
	Vending machine income	-	50
	Hairdressing income	5,760	8,919
	Feed-In tariff	11,248	5,065
	Other income	519	771
		29,875	26,686
5	Tuition fees and education contracts		
		2024	2023
		Total	Total
		£	£
	Further Education – Student fees	12,393	50,171
	Higher Education – Student fees	68,213	40,295
	SAAS income	235,936	259,795
	ILA income		4,080
	Government programmes	211,579	120,953
	Bursary income	34,949	33,056
	Other PPE reimbursement	₩	1,240
	Other grants	15,348	418,357
		578,418	927,947
		Name of the latest and the latest an	-

	Analysis of other operating expenses	2024 £	2023 £
	Payments to awarding bodies	64,287	66,349
	Property costs	546,643	482,859
	Company vehicle costs	46,063	41,146
	Office costs	124,088	115,457
	Professional fees	153,993	67,224
	Student support payments	5,019	9,049
	Governance costs	91	1,210
	Bad debt provision		18,398
	Other expenses	171,727	235,130
		1,111,911	1,036,822
		-	
		2024 £	2023 £
	Other operating expenses include:	-	~
	External auditors' remuneration - audit fees	24,000	21,600
	Internal audit fees	11,760	8,910
	Operating lease payments	84,660	106,579
		***************************************	11 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
7	Staff costs		
		2024	2023
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	3,465,400	3,645,272
	Social security costs	326,463	339,069
	Other pension costs	725,378	866,341
	Other costs	160,002	80,393
		4,677,243	4,931,075
	Exceptional staff costs:	20.747	04.040
	Redundancy payments	26,717	21,048
	FRS102 adjustment	(47,000)	24,000
		4,656,960	4,976,123
	Analysed as:	0003	£000
	Administrative & central services	1,045	1,113
	Premises	370	395
	Research grants and contracts	129	148
	Academic Teaching	2,622	2,730
		-,	
	Academic Services Catering staff/other	511	545

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 July 2024

7 Staff costs (continued)

The average monthly number of employees during the year, calculated on the basis of full time equivalents, was as follows:

	2024	2023
	No.	No.
Teaching	43	44
Other staff	43	44
	<u></u>	
	86	88

8 Senior post-holders' emoluments

Number of high paid staff (including the Principal) who received emoluments including benefits in kind and excluding pension contributions for the year ended:

		2024		2023
	Senior Post- Holders No.	Other Staff No.	Senior Post- Holders No.	Other Staff No.
£60,000 - £69,999 £70,000 - £79,999	1 2	:	1	-
	-		-	(
Senior post-holder emoluments			2024 £	2023 £
Principal's emoluments – Martin Jones Salary Pension Employer's NI			97,165 19,033 12,153	77,917 23,297 9,703
			128,351	110,917
			-	The second secon
			2024	2023
Acting Principals emoluments – Elaine I	Munro		£	£
Salary Pension Employer's NI			74,154 16,691 8,978	-
			00.800	
			99,823	-

Salary disclosed above for Elaine Munro is for the entire year from 1 August 2023. On 17th Jan 2024, she took on the role of Acting Principal and was remunerated accordingly from that date. The total remuneration for the executive team as noted on page 1 of these accounts was £316,294 (2022/23 - £278,985).

9 Trustees' remuneration and related party transactions

The Board of Management received £91 (2023 - £1,029) in the year for reimbursement of travel expenses.

Martin Jones, Elaine Munro, Andrew Farina and Chris Wolfe are salaried employees of the College but received no remuneration in respect of their role as director.

During the year the College transacted with Argyll & Bute Council of which £2,564 (2023 - £4,982) was due from Argyll & Bute Council and £6,582 (2023 - £4,909) was due to Argyll & Bute Council. During the year, the College made purchases of £39,729 (2023 - £28,970) and sales of £50,365 (2023 - £21,647).

Argyll College UHI Limited is a constituent partner of the University of the Highlands and Islands (UHI). During the year the College transacted with UHI of which £Nil (2023 - £472) was due from UHI and £12,508 (2023 - £12,320) was due to UHI at the year end. During the year income of £540k was received in relation to higher education activities, £4,221k was received in relation to the provision of further education and costs of £47k were paid to UHI.

10 Fixed assets

	Leasehold improve- ments	Land & Buildings Freehold	Plant & Equipment	Computer Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Cost At 1 August 2023 Additions Disposals	2,451,200 258,499 (628,173)	3,217,246 398,746	396,407 81,791 (5,750)	183.178 18,060	56,172 9,150 (12,020)	6,304,203 766,246 (645,943)
At 31 July 2024	2,081,526	3,615,992	472,448	201,238	53,302	6,424,506
			-		-	
Depreciation At 1 August 2023 Charge for year Disposals Impairment	1,551,129 62,446 (407,324) (85,424)	859,528 72,322 -	285,887 30,460 (5,175)	178,065 11,133 -	52,620 5,382 (12,020)	2,927,229 181,743 (424,519) (85,424)
At 31 July 2024	1,120,827	931,850	311,172	189,198	45,982	2,599,029
		·	1		-	
Net book value At 31 July 2024	960,699	2,684,142	161,276	12,040	7,320	3,825,477
At 1 August 2023	900,071	2,357,718	110,520	5,113	3,552	3,376,974

11	Debtors	2024 £	2023 £
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	2,396 175,000	61,041 107,301
		177,396	168,342
12	Investments	2024 £	2023 £
	Cash investments (>3 months)	2,700,000	V-
		2,700,000	-
	The college had investments of £1m in a term account fixe month term account fixed until Nov 2024.	d until Feb 2025 and £1.	7m in a 6
13	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2024 £	2023 £
	Trade creditors Taxes and social security costs Other creditors Accruals and deferred income Deferred grants (note 16)	118,163 157,362 93,344 1,054,700 149,335	186,549 75,734 85,656 829,519 337,503
		1,572,904	1,514,961
14	Provisions	2024 £	
	Balance as at 1 August 2023 Movement	(1,436,808)	
	Balance as at 31 July 2024	(1,436,808)	
	Amounts recognised as provisions represent obligations we management job evaluation exercise for the 6 year period by revenue. The timing of future outflow is, at present, unc	from 2018 which are not	middle matched
15	Creditors: Amounts falling due after one year	2024 Total £	2023 Total £
	Deferred grants (note 16)	2,505,316	2,466,964
		2,505,316	2,466,964
		*	

16	Deferred grants	2024 £	2023 £
		4.	_
	Balance as at 1 August 2023	2,804,467	2,855,551
	Income received	125,479	93,054
	Deferred capital grants released to the SOCI	(275,295)	(144,138)
	Balance as at 31 July 2024	2,654,651	2,804,467

17 Pension costs

Argyll College UHI Ltd operates three pension schemes, the Strathclyde Pension Fund (SPF), the Scottish Teachers Pension Fund (SPPA) and NEST. The total employer's pension cost for the period was as follows:

	31 July 2024 £000	31 July 2023 £000
NEST: Contributions paid SPPA: Contributions paid SPF scheme:	2 342	2 456
Contributions paid FRS102 charge	381 (47)	408 24
Charge to the Statement of Comprehensive Income	678	890
Total pension cost for the year within staff costs	678	890

NEST

NEST is a workplace pension scheme that has been created for auto enrolment. It is run as a trust by NEST Corporation. This means that there are no shareholders or owners and it is run for the benefit of its members. From 1 April 2019, the College pays contributions of 3% of pensionable salary for eligible employees and the employee's contribution rate is 5% of eligible salary.

SPPA - Teachers Pension

The College joined the SPPA from 1 December 2018, as part of National Bargaining. Teaching staff are eligible to join the scheme. The College pays contributions of 26% from 1 Apr 2024. Prior to that, contributions of 23% were paid.

Strathclyde Pension Fund (SPF)

The College's support staff belong to one principal pension scheme, the Strathclyde Pension Fund (SPF), which is of the Defined Benefit Type. The assets of the SPF scheme are held in a separate, trustee administrated fund.

The total contributions made for the year ended 31 July 2024 were £488k of which employer's contributions totalled £381k and employees' contributions totalled £107k. The agreed contribution rates were 29.9% for employers up until 31 March 2024, and 11.3% for the two years to 31 March 2026, and from 5.5% up to 8.7% for employees.

17 Pension costs (continued)

Principal actuarial assumptions

The following information is based upon a full actuarial valuation of the fund at 31 July 2024 by a qualified independent actuary.

	31 July	31 July
	2024	2023
Future pension increases	2.75%	3.00%
Rate of increase in salaries	3.45%	3.70%
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	5.00%	5.05%

Commutation of pensions to lump sums — An allowance is included for future retirements to elect to take 50% of the maximum additional tax-free cash up to HMRC limits for pre-April 2009 service and 75% of the maximum tax-free cash for post-April 2009 service.

Life expectancy is based on the Fund's Vita Curves with improvements in line with the CMI 2023 model, with a 15% weighting of 2023 (and 2022) data, a 0% weighting of 2021 (and 2020) data, standard smoothing (Sk7), initial adjustment of 0.25% and a long term rate of improvement of 1.5% p.a. for both males and females. Based on these assumptions, the average future life expectancies at age 65 for the Employer are summarised below:

	At 31 July	At 31 July
	2024	2023
Current pensioners		
- Males	22.2	19.1
- Females	23.3	22.0
Future pensioners		
- Males	21.4	20.3
- Females	25.1	23.9
Future pensioners - Males	21.4	20.3

The College's share of the assets in the plan at the balance sheet date and the expected rates of return were as follows. The expected rate of return is set equal to the discount rate as per FRS102 disclosure requirements.

,	Estimated split of assets at 31 July 2024	Fair value at 31 July 2024 £'000	Estimated split of assets at 31 July 2023	Fair value at 31 July 2023 £'000
Equities Bonds Property Other	62% 25% 9% 4%	6,055 2,441 879 391	61% 27% 10% 2%	5,314 2,352 871 174
Total fair value of plan assets		9,766		8,711
Weighted average expected long term	n rate of return	5%		5.05%
Actual return on plan assets		286		(166)

17	Pension costs (continued)					
	The amount included in the balance sheet in respect of the defined benefit pension plan enhanced pensions benefits is as follows:					
	enhanced pensions benefits is as follows.	Year	Year			
		ended	ended			
		31 July	31 July			
		2024	2023			
		£'000	£'000			
		2 000	£ 000			
	Fair value of plan assets	9,766	8,711			
	Present value of plan liabilities	(6,864)	(5,880)			
	Unrecognised surplus	(2,902)	(2,831)			
	Offiecognised surplus	(2,302)	(2,001)			
			-			
	Net pensions liability	=	=			
	Amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Activit	ies in respect of the	nlan are			
	as follows:	iles in respect of the	pianare			
	40 10110110.	2024	2023			
		£'000	£'000			
		2 000	2 000			
	Amounts included in staff costs					
	Current service cost	339	451			
	Past service cost		A-T 2			
	Total	220	151			
	Total	339	451			
	Amounts included in interest payable					
	Net interest cost / (income)	(2)	(52)			
	rver interest cost / (income)	(2)	(32)			
		-				
	Total	(2)	(52)			
		-				
	Amounto recognised in other reins and leases					
	Amounts recognised in other gains and losses					
	Return on pension plan assets	352	(166)			
	Experience gains and losses on liabilities					
	Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of	(904)	(436)			
	plan liabilities	124	1 000			
		431	1,899			
	Impact of asset ceiling	72	(1,325)			
			A DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF			
	Amounts recognised in other gains and losses	(49)	(28)			

17	Pension costs (continued)			
	Movement in net defined (liability)			
		2024 £'000	2023 £'000	
	Net defined liability in scheme at 1 August 2023 Movement in year:	-	-	
	Current service cost Past service cost Employer contributions Net interest on the defined liability Actuarial gain/(loss)	(339) - 386 2 (121)	(451) - 427 52 1,297	
	Actuarial loss on asset ceiling	72	(1,325)	
	Net defined liability at 31 July 2024	-	-	
	Asset and liability reconciliation	2024 £'000	2023 £'000	
	Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations			
	Defined benefit obligations at start of year Current service cost Past service cost	5,880 339	6,696 451	
	Interest cost Contribution by scheme participants Experience gains and losses on defined benefit obligations	304 110	241 104 -	
	Changes in financial assumptions Changes on demographic assumptions Other experience Estimated benefits paid	(256) (175) 838 (176)	(1,807) (92) 436 (149)	
	Closing defined benefit obligation	6,864	5,880	
	Changes in fair value of plan assets	2024 £'000	2023 £'000	
	Fair value of plan assets at start of year Interest on plan assets Return on plan assets Employer contributions Other experience	8,711 449 286 386	8,202 293 (166) 427	
	Other experience Contributions by scheme participants Estimated benefits paid	110 (176)	104 (149)	
	Closing fair value of employer assets	9,766	8,711	

18 Capital commitments

At the end of the year there were capital commitments amounting to £179k for a new heating system in Oban centre. These are contractual commitments.

19 Lease commitments – as a lessee

At 31 July 2024 the College had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	Property 2024 £	Equipment 2024 £	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Within one year	59,635	15,889	75,524	69,454
Within two to five years	137,326	36,286	173,612	141,402
Over five years	108,633	-	108,633	108,950
	305,594	52,175	357,769	319,806

Lease commitments - as a lessor

At 31 July 2024 the College had future minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	Property 2024 £	Equipment 2024 £	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Within one year	14,040	1.	14,040	6,000
Within two to five years	24,000		24,000	24,000
Over five years	18,000	-	18,000	24,000
	56,040	-	56,040	54,000

20 Post-balance sheet events

There are no post balance sheet events to note.

21	Decembration of set in section to the set of the section of the se		
21	Reconciliation of net income to net cash from operating a	activities 2024	2023
		£	£
	Net movements in funds before other recognised gains and losses	(1,304,980)	161,909
	Adjustments for:	(1,304,300)	161,909
	Interest received Interest paid	(170,845)	(13,907)
	Deferred capital grants released Depreciation charges	(275,297) 181,743	(110,327) 193,821
	Impairment charges Proceeds on disposal of assets	85,424 (12,629)	-
	Net cost of defined benefit pension (Increase) / decrease in debtors Increase / (decrease) in creditors	(49,000) (9,054) 1,808,405	(28,000) 100,026
		1,000,405	97,079
	Net cash (used)/provided by operating activities	253,767	400,601
22	Financial instruments	Total 2024	Total 2023
	0.000	£	£
	Carrying amount of financial assets Debt instruments measured at amortised cost	149,703	106,753
	Carrying amount of financial liabilities Measured at amortised cost	(1,263,687) (1,113,984)	(1,248,692) (1,141,939)
		(.,,c,	(.,,

Financial assets are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprising trade debtors and accrued income.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprises trade creditors, accruals, and other creditors.